

Ferris Bühler Communications Stadtturmstrasse 8 5400 Baden Germany

> Reykjavík, 19. maí 2023 UST202304-185/Þ.V.B. 09.04.00

### Subject: permit to fly a drone at Dimmuborgir and Goðafoss

The Environment Agency of Iceland has received an application from Ferris Bühler Communications, dated April 18<sup>th</sup> 2023, for permit to fly a drone within Dimmuborgir and Goðafoss

Dimmuborgir is protected as a natural monument, cf. regulation no. 1262/2011. Disturbance to geological formations, vegetation and wild animal life in the protected area is prohibited. Events and commercial filming is subjected to a permit from the Environment Agency of Iceland.

Goðafoss is protected as natural monument, cf. regulation no. 1261/2011. Disturbance to vegetation, wildlife and geological formation is prohibited. Operating an unmanned aircraft/drone within the protected area is subjected to a permit from the Environment Agency of Iceland.

Hverfjall is protected as a natural monument, cf. regulation no. 1261/2011. Disturbance to vegetation and wildlife is prohibited. The guest should follow marked paths at any given time.

## Description of the project:

It is requested to fly the drone over the lava formations at at Dimmuborgir and the whole protected area at Hverfjall. At Goðafoss the drone would fly above and in front of the waterfall. Flight time is estimated 5-10 minutes at each site. Number of employees is 3 persons and the drone flight would take place in the period of May  $21^{st} - 22^{nd} 2023$ .

#### Impact assessment:

The Environment Agency of Iceland considers the project not likely to have negative effect on nature and conservation value of the site Goðafosss. The agency considers that the flight might have negative impact on birdlife in Dimmuborgum while it takes place. The Agency considers the effect can be reduced if conditions of the permit are followed. The droneflight might have negative effect on other visitors experience in both sites but if conditions of the permit are followed the agency considers that the impact can be reduced.

#### Conclusions and conditions:

After revision of the application and regulations for the site and it is concluded that no permission is needed to fly the drone over the glacier Snæfellsjökull in the period requested if the flight does not disturb wildlife and other visitors experience.



The Environment Agency of Iceland hereby grants Ferris Bühler Communications permission on its behalf to fly a drone within Dimmuborgir and Goðafoss as described above on May 21<sup>st</sup>-22<sup>nd</sup> 2023on the following conditions:

- Keep this letter with you on site during the project. The permit conditions should be introduced to the staff of the project before work begins.
- The applicant shall inform rangers in the area about their arrival and departure. This is to be done 24 hours before entering the area and again before leaving it.
- If the project dates or description changes the Environment Agency shall be notified as soon as possible.
- Crew members should always stay on authorized paths/tracks/roads.
- The crew must follow rules of conduct that apply to the area.
- If any complications occur during the project, please contact the ranger or the Environment Agency of Iceland, tel. +354 591 2000.
- The crew should be conscious of other guests on the sites and make sure that filming causes as little disturbance as possible to other visitors. If the material is meant for public viewing it must be noted in the video/subtext that permission from the Environment Agency was obtained for the filming/photography.
- The project's staff is required to prevent all disturbance to the environment and make sure that all litter is removed from the sites.
- An unmanned aircraft should never be flown in close proximity to people. Please take precaution not to disturb people's experience, their safety or personal privacy nor the general peace of the protected areas being filmed.
- According to Icelandic law it is forbidden to fly close to cliffs where birds nest. An unmanned aircraft should never be flown near animals or birds, neither in nesting areas nor during nesting season or any other seasonal time when animals or bird habitats are considered vulnerable.
- Flight time should be kept to a minimum and flight should be avoided during the area's busiest times of the day.
- If the use of unmanned aircraft causes disturbance to wildlife in the area, its use should be ceased at once.
- At Dimmuborgum the drone can only fly in the area near the hiking paths Litli hringur, Stóri hringur and Kirkjuhringur and should never leave your sight.
- If falcons are seen in Dimmuborgir when the applicant wishes to fly the drone then it is not allowed to fly the drone there.
- The conductor of the unmanned aircraft is responsible for the aircraft within the protected area. This includes taking responsibility of any possible risk of harm to people, fauna and nature and leaving no permanent marks on the site in question. Should the aircraft crash, all components from it must be collected and removed from the area.
- For safety reasons, the pilot of an unmanned aerial vehicle must wear marked clothing so that the person can be identified.



If the developer causes damage to nature, according to art. 87 in the Nature Conservation Act no. 60/2013, the Environment Agency of Iceland can, according to the Nature Conservation Act, f.e. order the licensee to fix damage to nature and vegetation and/or stop the project.

The Environment Agency of Iceland can according to art. 89 in the Nature Conservation Act no. 60/2013 change conditions of the permit, add new conditions or withdraw the permit in order to prevent damage to nature if environmental conditions change.

According to art 89. in the Nature Conservation Act no. 60/2013 the Environment Agency can withdraw the permit if conditions of the permit are not complied to.

Unmanned aircraft should take off and land in a safe distance from other visitors according to regulation 990/2017 on unmanned aircrafts.

The usage of a drone shall be according to regulation no. 990/2017 on the operation of remotely piloted aircraft (https://www.icetra.is/aviation/drones/).

Please note that according to the regulation all drones used for commercial flight need to be registered at the Icelandic Transport Authority.

# Permission fee:

Environment Agency of Iceland charges a fee for processing applications for permits in protected areas based on Article 92 of Act no. 61/2013 on Nature Conservation. The fee for cinematography and/or photography is 76.000 ISK according to art. 29. b. in the agency's tariff no. 206/2023.

#### Supervision:

The Environment Agency will supervise the project. The supervisor will be a ranger from the Environment Agency.

Sincerely

René Biasone advisor

Þórdís Vilhelmína Bragadóttir advisor