Philipp Walz Filmakademie Baden-Württemberg Akademiehof 10 71638 Ludwigsburg



Reykjavík 13. ágúst 2015 UST201508-020/S.P. 09.06.01

Subject: Permit to film at Dyrhólaey

The Environment Agency of Iceland has received a request from Philipp Walz, dated 7th of august 2015, to film at Dyrhólaey on the 14th and 15th of August 2015.

Dyrhólaey has been a natural reserve since 1978. It is prohibited to harm or disturb wildlife in the reserve.

Description of the project:

The plan is to film with a drone in Dyrhólaey on the 14th and 15th of August. The crew consists of seven people. There will be no need to go off paths and no props or chemicals involved. No movement of stones, minerals or soil changing.

Evaluation:

Bird habitats in Dyrhólaey are not considered vulnerable at this time. The Environment Agency concludes that filming at Dyrhólaey, as described above, will not cause significant disturbance to other guests or wildlife in the area if the conditions set by the Environment Agency will be met.

The Environment Agency, for its part, hereby grants Philipp Walz permission to film with in Dyrhólaey according to his application. The permit is subjected to the following conditions:

- This permit is granted for the 14th and 15th of August 2015.
- The Environment Agency requests that the applicant contacts the ranger working in the area with at least one day notice and informs him on the timing of the filming. (Please contact Jón Björnsson, +354 8224056)
- Every measure should be taken to avoid damage to the site and unnecessary disturbance to other guests and wildlife in the area.
- It is fordidden to fly the drone near cliffs where birds nest.
- Please keep the signed permit with you.
- Off-road driving is strictly prohibited and is punishable by fines or imprisonment.

The Environment Agency emphasises due to filming with drones:

- An unmanned aircraft should never be flown near people. Please take precaution not to disturb people's experience, their safety or personal privacy nor the general peace of the protected areas filmed.
- According to icelandic law it is forbidden to fly close to cliffs where birds nest. An unmanned aircraft should never be flown near animals or birds, neither in nesting areas nor during nesting season or any other seasonal time when animals or bird habitats are considered vulnerable.
- The conductor of the unmanned aircraft is responsible for the aircraft within the protected area. This includes responsibility so that people, fauna and nature is unharmed because of the aircraft's use and that no permanent mark be left on the site in question. Should the aircraft crash, all components from it must be collected and removed from the area.
- A special permission from the Transport Authority is needed if the unmanned aircraft is over 5 kg. The Environment Agency expects the licensee to comply to rules that apply to unmanned aircrafts.
- Liability for the use of unmanned airplains goes by Act no. 60/1998.

Sincerely

Head of Department

Svava Pétursdóttir Advisor

Svara Petuschotty